The House Committee on Public Safety and Homeland Security offers the following substitute to HB 492:

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT

1 To amend Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 2 offenses against public order and safety, so as to revise provisions regarding carrying in 3 unauthorized locations; to clarify exemptions from weapons carry laws; to provide for a 4 renewal period; to revise definitions; to revise persons to whom no weapons carry license shall be issued; to revise procedures in the renewal of a license; to revise procedures 5 regarding the revocation, loss, or damage to a license; to clarify criteria for the verification 6 7 of a weapons carry license; to revise provisions regarding preemption of local regulation and lawsuits; to amend Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50, relating to the inspection of public 8 9 records, so as to provide for the disclosure of records relating to licensing and possession of 10 firearms between the judges of the probate court; to provide for related matters; to repeal conflicting laws; and for other purposes. 11

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF GEORGIA:

SECTION 1.

14 Chapter 11 of Title 16 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to offenses against

15 public order and safety, is amended in Code Section 16-11-126, relating to having or carrying

16 handguns, long guns, or other weapons, license requirements, and exceptions for homes,

17 motor vehicles, private property, and other locations and conditions, by adding a new

18 subsection to read as follows:

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- 19 "(j) Nothing in this Code section shall in any way operate or be construed to affect, repeal,
- or limit the exemptions provided for under Code Section 16-11-130."

SECTION 2.

- 22 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 16-11-127, relating to carrying weapons in
- 23 unauthorized locations, by revising paragraphs (1) and (7) of subsection (b) and by adding
- 24 a new subsection to read as follows:

- 25 "(1) In a government building as a nonlicense holder;"
- "(7) Within 150 feet of any polling place when elections are being conducted and such 26
- 27 polling place is being used as a polling place as provided for in paragraph (27) of Code
- 28 Section 21-2-2, except as provided in subsection (i) of Code Section 21-2-413."
- 29 "(f) Nothing in this Code section shall in any way operate or be construed to affect, repeal,
- 30 or limit the exemptions provided for under Code Section 16-11-130."

31 **SECTION 3.**

- 32 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 16-11-127.1, relating to carrying weapons
- 33 within school safety zones, at school functions, or on a bus or other transportation furnished
- by a school, by adding a new subsection to read as follows: 34
- 35 "(h) Nothing in this Code section shall in any way operate or be construed to affect, repeal,
- or limit the exemptions provided for under Code Section 16-11-130." 36

37 **SECTION 4.**

- Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 16-11-127.2, relating to weapons on 38
- 39 premises of a nuclear power facility, by adding a new subsection to read as follows:
- 40 "(d) Nothing in this Code section shall in any way operate or be construed to affect, repeal,
- 41 or limit the exemptions provided for under Code Section 16-11-130."

42 **SECTION 5.**

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- 43 Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 16-11-129, relating to weapons carry
- 44 licenses, by revising subsection (a), paragraph (1) of subsection (b), subparagraph (b)(2)(A),
- paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (d), subsection (e), and subsection (l) as follows: 45
- 46 "(a) Application for weapons carry license or renewal license; term. The judge of the
- 47 probate court of each county may shall, on application under oath, and on payment of a fee
- of \$30.00, and on investigation of applicant pursuant to subsections (b) and (d) of this Code 48
- section, issue a weapons carry license or renewal license valid for a period of five years to 49
- any person whose domicile is in that county or who is on active duty with the United States
- armed forces and who is not a domiciliary of this state but who either resides in that county 51

or on a military reservation located in whole or in part in that county at the time of such

- 53 application. Such license or renewal license shall authorize that person to carry any
- 54 weapon in any county of this state notwithstanding any change in that person's county of
- residence or state of domicile. Applicants shall submit the application for a weapons carry 55
- 56 license or renewal license to the judge of the probate court on forms prescribed and
- 57 furnished free of charge to persons wishing to apply for the license or renewal license. An
- 58 application shall be considered to be for a renewal license if the applicant has a weapons

59 carry license or renewal license with 90 or fewer days remaining before the expiration of such weapons carry license or renewal license or 30 or fewer days since the expiration of 60 such weapons carry license or renewal license regardless of the county of issuance of the 61 62 applicant's expired or expiring weapons carry license or renewal license. An applicant who is not a United States citizen shall provide sufficient personal identifying data, including 63 64 without limitation his or her place of birth and United States issued alien or admission 65 number, as the Georgia Bureau of Investigation may prescribe by rule or regulation. An applicant who is in nonimmigrant status shall provide proof of his or her qualifications for 66 an exception to the federal firearm prohibition pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 922(y). 67 68 Forms shall be designed to elicit information from the applicant pertinent to his or her eligibility under this Code section, including citizenship, but shall not require data which 69 70 is nonpertinent or irrelevant, such as serial numbers or other identification capable of being 71 used as a de facto registration of firearms owned by the applicant. The Department of 72 Public Safety shall furnish application forms and license forms required by this Code 73 section. The forms shall be furnished to each judge of each probate court within this state at no cost." 74

- 75 "(1) As used in this subsection, the term:
- 76 (A) 'Armed forces' means active duty or a reserve component of the United States
- Army, United States Navy, United States Marine Corps, United States Coast Guard,
- 78 <u>United States Air Force, United States National Guard, Georgia Army National Guard,</u>
- 79 <u>or Georgia Air National Guard.</u>
- 80 (A)(B) 'Controlled substance' means any drug, substance, or immediate precursor
- included in the definition of controlled substances in paragraph (4) of Code Section
- 82 16-13-21.
- 83 (B)(C) 'Convicted' means an adjudication of guilt. Such term shall not include an order
- of discharge and exoneration pursuant to Article 3 of Chapter 8 of Title 42.
- 85 (C)(D) 'Dangerous drug' means any drug defined as such in Code Section 16-13-71.
- 86 (2) No weapons carry license shall be issued to <u>or maintained by</u>:
- 87 (A) Any person younger than 21 years of age unless he or she:
- (i) Is at least 18 years of age;
- 89 (ii) Provides proof that he or she has completed basic training in the armed forces of
- 90 the United States; and
- 91 (iii) Provides proof, which may be in the form of a written letter from his or her
- 92 <u>commander or a copy of his or her military orders,</u> that he or she is actively serving
- 93 in <u>currently a member of</u> the armed forces of the <u>United States</u> or has been honorably
- 94 discharged from such service;"

"(1)(A) For both weapons carry license applications and requests for license renewals, the judge of the probate court shall within five business days following the receipt of the application or request direct the law enforcement agency to request a fingerprint based criminal history records check from the Georgia Crime Information Center and Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of determining the suitability of the applicant and return an appropriate report to the judge of the probate court. Fingerprints shall be in such form and of such quality as prescribed by the Georgia Crime Information Center and under standards adopted by the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The Georgia Bureau of Investigation may charge such fee as is necessary to cover the cost of the records search.

- (B) For requests for license renewals, the presentation of a weapons carry license issued by any probate judge in this state shall be evidence to the judge of the probate court to whom a request for license renewal is made that the fingerprints of the weapons carry license holder are on file with the judge of the probate court who issued the weapons carry license, and the judge of the probate court to whom a request for license renewal is made shall, within five business days following the receipt of the request, direct the law enforcement agency to request a nonfingerprint based criminal history records check from the Georgia Crime Information Center and Federal Bureau of Investigation for purposes of determining the suitability of the applicant and return an appropriate report to the judge of the probate court to whom a request for license renewal is made.
- (2) For both weapons carry license applications and requests for license renewals, the judge of the probate court shall within five business days following the receipt of the application or request also direct the law enforcement agency, in the same manner as provided for in subparagraph (d)(1)(B) of this subsection, to conduct a background check using the Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Instant Criminal Background Check System and return an appropriate report to the probate judge."

"(e) Revocation, loss, or damage to license.

(1) If, at any time during the period for which the weapons carry license was issued, the judge of the probate court of the county in which the license was issued shall learn or have brought to his or her attention in any manner any reasonable ground to believe the licensee is not eligible to retain the license, the judge may, after notice and hearing, revoke the license of the person upon a finding that such person is not eligible for a weapons carry license pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section or an adjudication of falsification of application, mental incompetency, or chronic alcohol or narcotic usage. The judge of the probate court shall report such revocation to the Georgia Crime Information Center immediately but in no case later than ten days after such revocation.

It shall be unlawful for any person to possess a license which has been revoked <u>pursuant</u> to this <u>paragraph</u>, and any person found in possession of any such revoked license, except in the performance of his or her official duties, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

(2) If a person is convicted of any crime or involved in any matter which would make the maintenance of a weapons carry license by such person unlawful pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section, the judge of the superior court or state court hearing such case or presiding over such matter shall inquire whether such person is the holder of a weapons carry license. If such person is the holder of a weapons carry license, then the judge of the superior court or state court shall inquire of such person the county of the probate court which issued such weapons carry license, or if such person has ever had his or her weapons carry license renewed, then of the county of the probate court which most recently issued such person a renewal license. The judge of the superior court or state court shall notify the judge of the probate court of such county of the matter which makes the maintenance of a weapons carry license by such person to be unlawful pursuant to subsection (b) of this Code section. The Council of Superior Court Judges of Georgia and The Council of State Court Judges of Georgia shall provide by rule for the procedures which judges of the superior court and the judges of the state courts, respectively, are to follow for the purposes of this paragraph.

(3) Loss of any license issued in accordance with this Code section or damage to the license in any manner which shall render it illegible shall be reported to the judge of the probate court of the county in which it was issued within 48 hours of the time the loss or damage becomes known to the license holder. The judge of the probate court shall thereupon issue a replacement for and shall take custody of and destroy a damaged license; and in any case in which a license has been lost, he or she shall issue a cancellation order and notify by telephone and in writing each of the law enforcement agencies whose records were checked before issuance of the original license. The judge shall charge the fee specified in subsection (k) of Code Section 15-9-60 for such services."

"(1) **Verification of license.** The judge of a probate court or his or her designee shall be authorized to verify the legitimacy and validity of a weapons carry license to of a license holder, pursuant to a subpoena or court order, or for public safety purposes, but to law enforcement agencies pursuant to paragraph (40) of subsection (a) of Code Section 50-18-72, and for licensing to a judge of a probate court or his or her designee pursuant to paragraph (40) of subsection (a) of Code Section 50-18-72; provided, however, that the judge of a probate court or his or her designee shall not be authorized to provide any further information regarding license holders."

168 **SECTION 6.**

Said chapter is further amended in Code Section 16-11-173, relating to legislative findings 169 170 and preemption of local regulation and lawsuits, by revising the introductory language to paragraph (1) of subsection (b), paragraph (1) of subsection (c), and subsection (f) as follows: 171 "(b)(1) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this Code section, no county or municipal 172 173 corporation, by zoning, or by ordinance or resolution, or by any other means, nor any 174 agency, board, department, commission, political subdivision, school district, or authority of this state, other than the General Assembly, by rule or regulation or by any other 175 176 means shall regulate in any manner:" 177 "(c)(1) A county or municipal corporation may regulate the transport, carrying, or possession of firearms by employees of the local unit of government, or by unpaid 178 179 volunteers of such local unit of government, in the course of their employment or volunteer functions with such local unit of government; provided, however, that the 180 sheriff or chief of police shall be solely responsible for regulating and determining the 181 182 possession, carrying, and transportation of firearms and other weapons by employees under his or her respective supervision so long as such regulations comport with state and 183 federal law." 184 185 "(f) As used in this Code section, the term 'weapon' shall have the same meaning as set 186 forth in Code Section 16-11-127.1 means any device designed or intended to be used, or capable of being used, for offense or defense, including but not limited to firearms, bladed 187 devices, clubs, electric stun devices, and defense sprays." 188

SECTION 7. 189

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Article 4 of Chapter 18 of Title 50 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to 190 inspection of public records, is amended in Code Section 50-18-72, relating to when public disclosure not required, by revising paragraph (40) of subsection (a) as follows:

"(40) Any permanent records maintained by a judge of the probate court pursuant to Code Section 16-11-129, relating to weapons carry licenses, or pursuant to any other requirement for maintaining records relative to the possession of firearms, except to the extent that such records relating to licensing and possession of firearms are sought by law enforcement agencies or a judge of the probate court as provided by law;"

198 **SECTION 8.**

All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act are repealed. 199